

Town
SIGNATURE VERIFICATION TRAINING

## Presidential Primary Election

March 5, 2024

## Objectives of Signature Verification

## Training

- To explain and understand the Signature Verification process
- To ensure a uniformed standard for Signature Verification of mail ballots
- To produce consistent results in accordance with applicable laws, regulations, and best practices



## Presidential Primary Election, March 5, 2024

- Over 1.1 million registered voters
- 293 Polling Places
- Approximately 3,000 Poll Workers
- Federal, State and Local Contests
- State Propositions
- Local Measures
- Expected Returns....



## How Will People Vote?

- Mail in their Ballots
- Vote Early at the Registrar of Voters office or the Early Vote Sites
- Place their Mail Ballots in Drop Boxes and DropOff Locations throughout the County

- On Election Day at any polling place in the County


## Election Day, March 5, 2024

- What will voters vote on?
- Paper Ballots
- Ballot Marking Devices to meet Help America Vote Act requirements
- How will ballots be counted?
- On high-speed scanners at the Registrar of Voters Office



## Definitions and Terms

- Mail Ballot Voter: A voter who receives and submits their ballot via mail rather than voting at a polling place on Election Day.
- Signature Verification: The process of comparing signatures from the returned Official Mail Ballot Return Envelope to the signature on file in the Registrar of Voters voter registration system.
- Official Mail Ballot Return Envelopes: Envelopes used for the return of mail ballots. They contain voter identification information and the voter's signature.



## Mail Ballot Returns Statistics

| Presidential Primary Election <br> March 3, 2020 | Voter Count |
| :--- | :---: |
| Total Registered Voters | $1,020,924$ |
| Total Mail Ballots Issued | 680,941 |
| Mail Ballots Returned | 265,530 |
| Percent of Mail Ballots Returned | $\mathbf{3 8 . 9 9 \%}$ |


|  <br> Presidential General Election <br> November 3, 2020 Voter Count <br> Total Registered Voters $1,092,843$ <br> Total Mail Ballots Issued $1,007,620$ <br> Mail Ballots Returned 711,037 <br> Percent of Mail Ballots Returned  |
| :--- | :---: |

## Mail Ballot Returns Statistics

| Statewide Direct Primary Election <br> June 7, 2022 | Voter Count |
| :--- | :---: |
| Total Registered Voters | $1,149,364$ |
| Total Mail Ballots Issued | $1,139,045$ |
| Mail Ballots Returned | 235,085 |
| Percent of Mail Ballots Returned |  |


| General Election <br> November 8, 2022 | Voter Count |
| :--- | :---: |
| Total Registered Voters | $1,138,702$ |
| Total Mail Ballots Issued | $1,107,998$ |
| Mail Ballots Returned | 398,975 |
| Percent of Mail Ballots Returned |  |

## Vote by Mail Ballots

- All registered voters will receive a Mail Ballot.
- Ballots will start being mailed to voters on E-29.
- We will receive voted Mail Ballots between E-29 to E+7.
- The projected returns is 324,687 Mail Ballots.
- We will begin processing returned Mail Ballots on E-29.
- Signature Verification can begin
- No Voter Signature Letters and Unsigned Identification Envelope Statements are sent to voters that did not sign their return envelope.
- Non-Matching Signature Letters and Signature Verification Statements are sent to voters whose signatures did not compare to the signatures on file.


## Voter Signature

- California law requires each voter to sign their Official Mail Ballot Return Envelope with their own handwriting.
- Registrar of Voters office must then compare that signature to the voter's signature on file.



## Signature Verification

- Signature Verification at the Registrar of Voters office is performed by using two similar, but separate, processes:
- Side-by-side Scanned Image Verification
- Physical Envelope/Scanned Image Verification
- Both processes are performed in conjunction with the election management system known as DIMS.net



## Methods of Signature Verification

## Side-by-Side Scanned Image Verification

- This screen in DIMS.net is also called batch mode. It displays the Official Mail Ballot Return Envelope signature and signature on file for the voter.

- When comparing signatures, note that the top signature is what we have on file.
- The bottom signature is on the returned envelope that we have scanned.
- Always compare the bottom (envelope) to the top (on file) signature.
- If the bottom signature compares to the top, it is then a valid signature.
- To view more signatures on file, double click on the top signature.
- DO NOT click on the bottom signature. You will get a signature that does not belong to the voter.



## Signature Verification Process

## Physical Envelope/Scanned Image Verification:

- This verification process is utilized for elections with low return quantities.
- Signatures on the physical Official Mail Ballot Return Envelopes are compared against the signature on file.


## Physical Envelope/Scanned Image Verification:

- The Signature Verification screen displays the signatures on file that are then compared with the signatures on the physical envelopes.



## Signature Verification Process

## According to the California Elections Code:

- The signature verification process "shall be liberally construed in favor of the vote-by-mail voter" (EC3000).
- Presume that the signature on the ballot envelope is the voter's signature.
- When comparing signatures, do not review or consider a voter's party preference, race, or ethnicity (EC3019).


## Principles of Handwriting

## Three Main Principles of Comparing Handwriting

- No two skilled writers will have identical handwriting features.
- Every person has a range of natural variation.
- No writer can exceed his, her, or their skill level.



## Signature Variations

- Two similar characteristics between a signature being compared and any signature in the voter's registration record are sufficient to determine a signature is valid.
- The voter's registration record contains the signatures from:
- their voter registration affidavit, DMV, and any forms issued by an elections official that contains the voter's signature.
- Signatures that do not contain the similarities should be challenged.
- In the scenario that the voter signs with just one mark the signature is presumed valid if the voter's record has that mark on file.


## Signature Variations - Characteristics

- Slant of the signature
- Signature is printed or in cursive
- Size, proportion, or scale
- Individual characteristics, such as how the "t's" and "x's" are crossed, "i's" and "j's" are dotted, or loops are made on the letters $b, d, f, g, h, j, p$, q, $y$, or $z$
- Spacing between the letters within the first and/or last name and between first and last name
- Line direction
- Letter formations
- Proportion or ratio of the letters in the signature
- Initial strokes and connecting strokes
- Similar endings such as an abrupt end, a long tail, or loop back around
- Speed of the writing
- Presence or absence of pen lifts
- Misspelled names

Signature Variations - Characteristics


## Signature Variations - Characteristics

| Slant of the signature | $\text { X firbyy } \int \text { tar }$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Signature is printed or in cursive | x Kirby Star |
| Size, proportion, or scale | X Kriby for |
| Individual Characteristics, such as how the " t ' s " and "x's" are crossed, the "I's" and "j's" are dotted, or loops are made on the letters $\mathrm{b}, \mathrm{d}, \mathrm{f}, \mathrm{g}, \mathrm{h}, \mathrm{j}, \mathrm{p}, \mathrm{q}, \mathrm{y}$, or z | X (ixby |

Signature Variations - Characteristics

| Spacing between the letters within the first and/or last name and between first and last name | $\text { X } 1 \text { irby } \int \operatorname{tar}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Line direction | Kirby Stare |
| Letter formations | KIRby STiAR |
| Presence or absence of pen lifts | $x \text { Airby Star }$ |
| Misspelled names | $\times \text { Kirbee Star } x$ |

## Signature Variations - Reasons

- Signature style may have changed over time
- May have been written in haste
- Signature on file may have been written with a stylus pen or other electronic signature tool
- Surface used may have been hard, soft, uneven, or unstable
- A different pen, or the pen may have malfunctioned or ran out of ink
- Age, injury, or disability may have affected a voter's ability to sign


## Signature Variations - Challenges

## Recap:

- Signatures that do not contain at least 2 similarities should be challenged.
- A signature identified by an initial reviewer as having multiple, significant, and obvious differences "...shall only be rejected if two (other) different elections officials unanimously find beyond a reasonable doubt that the signature differs in multiple, significant, and obvious respects from all signatures in the voter's registration record."


## Similarity in Writing

## Identifiable Similarities - Letters within Signatures

- The letter "K" and the "l" of the first name
- The letter " $G$ " and the loops of the " $N$ " in the last name



## Similarity in Writing

## Identifiable Similarities - Writing Style

- The cursive loops, and strokes of the signature
- Specifically, the letters "A" and "T"



## Similarity in Writing

## Identifiable (Unique) Similarities - First or Last Name

- The overall body of the signature shows similarities in both the first and last name.
- The signature contains an identifier, the star.



## Similarity in Writing

## Identifiable (Unique) Similarities - Letters within Signatures

- The letters "L" and "D" of the first name
- The letter " $A$ " of the last name



## Similarity in Writing

## Identifiable (Unique) Similarities - No Letters

- Pictures or Symbols can be used as valid signatures
- Since we have this symbol on file, it is considered valid


Partial or Incomplete Signatures
These signatures contains only the voter's initials.

- Unique similarities in letters within the signatures can be identified.
- The "B" and " $G$ " in the first example.
- In the second example there are no unique similarities.

A. ABB.


## Partial or Incomplete Signatures

## The signature contains the voter's maiden name.

- Identifiable similarities in the first but last name is different.
- Specifically, the entire first name.



## Partial or Incomplete Signatures

This signature only contains a portion of the voter's name.
Identifiable similarities that can be seen:
" The "E" on both signatures is identical.

- The "W" and style of the last name is identical.



## Example of Bad Signatures on File (BSF)

- This signature should be challenged as a BSF, because the Voter's Name on File does not match the name on the Signature on File.
- Double-click the Signature on File to make sure there are no other valid signatures.
- If there are no other attached signatures, challenge this as a BSF.



## Examples of Bad Signatures on File (BSF)

- The top signature box contains the signatures attached to the voter's record.
- The 1st example shows there is no signature on file to compare.
- The 2nd example shows the signature on file has been cut off.



## Example of Bad Signatures on File (BSF)

- The signature on file is blurry and not readable.



## Example of Unpaired Signature (UNPRD)

- When you come across a signature that has a completely different name to what's on DIMS.net, but it compares to a signature on a different Envelope, then you have an UNPAIRED (UNPRD).



## Examples of Signature Variations

Would you accept these envelopes based on these signatures?


## Examples of Signature Variations

## Identifying Mark

- When a voter is unable to sign their envelope, the voter can make a mark of an " $X$ ", however, this mark must also be on file in DIMS.net.



## Examples of Signature Variations

## Non-Roman languages

- Some voters may have as their primary language an entirely different set of characters in their alphabet.
- Example: Chinese, Tamil, Arabic, Mediterranean, Greek, Cyrillic alphabets.


## Other Marks or Images

- Cattle brand
- Three cat faces
- Artistic liberty, such as a heart or emoji


## Questions about the

## Signature Verification Process?



## YOUR TURN!!

## REMEMBER:

** If you have to spend more than a few ** seconds reviewing it...

## CHALLENGE IT!

## QUIZ: SIGNATURE VARIATIONS

Would you accept this envelope based on the signature on file?


## QUIZ: SIGNATURE VARIATIONS

Would you accept this envelope based on the signature on file?


QUIZ: SIGNATURE VARIATIONS
Would you accept this envelope based on the signature on file
Ampantar Busy
$a \cdot a \cdot b$

QUIZ: SIGNATURE VARIATIONS
Would you accept this envelope based on the signature on file?


## QUIZ: SIGNATURE VARIATIONS

Would you accept this envelope based on the signature on file?


QUIZ: SIGNATURE VARIATIONS
Would you accept this envelope based on the signature on file?

| Taylor Price |
| :--- |
| Tabor Fine |

## QUIZ: SIGNATURE VARIATIONS

## Would you accept this envelope based on the signature on file?



## QUIZ: SIGNATURE VARIATIONS

Would you accept this envelope based on the signature on file?


## QUIZ: SIGNATURE VARIATIONS

Would you accept this envelope based on the signature on file?


## QUIZ: SIGNATURE VARIATIONS

## Would you accept this envelope based on the signature?



## QUIZ: SIGNATURE VARIATIONS

## Would you accept these envelopes based on the signatures on file?



## QUIZ: SIGNATURE SCENARIOS

## Would you accept these envelopes based on the signatures on file?



## QUIZ: SIGNATURE SCENARIOS

Would you accept these envelopes based on the signatures on file?


## QUIZ: SIGNATURE SCENARIOS

Would you accept this envelope based on the signature on file ?


## QUIZ: SIGNATURE SCENARIOS

Would you accept this envelope based on the signature on file?


## Thank You!!!

Thank you for participating in today's training and joining our team for the

March 5, 2024, Presidential Primary Election



